

RE - The Holocaust

When and Where?

Took place mainly during 1933–1945 in Germany and areas controlled by the Nazis across Europe.

Who was involved?

Led by Adolf Hitler and the Nazi Party.

Targeted groups included:

- Jewish people
- Roma (Gypsy) communities
- Disabled people
- Political opponents

What was the Holocaust?

The Holocaust was the systematic persecution and murder of six million Jewish people. Nazis believed in false ideas about racial superiority

Treatment of Jewish People (1930s–1940s)

From 1933 (Hitler becomes leader) Jews were treated unfairly by law. They could not work in certain jobs, go to certain schools, marry non-Jewish Germans and had many of their wealth and expensive possessions taken. (Nuremberg Laws, 1935)

Kristallnacht (1938)

Jewish homes, shops, and synagogues were attacked and thousands of Jews arrested. Jews were forced to live in crowded areas called ghettos where conditions were overcrowded, little food or medicine.

Concentration Camps

Many Jews were sent to camps like Auschwitz concentration camp. People faced forced labour, starvation and death.

Key Vocabulary

Antisemitism: Hatred or prejudice against Jewish people

Ghetto: An area where Jews were forced to live

Concentration camp: A place where people were imprisoned and mistreated

Propaganda: Information used to influence opinions

History

The Roman Empire was a massive, powerful civilization based in Italy that ruled much of Europe, North Africa, and the Middle East for over 500 years (27 BC–476 AD). Led by emperors, it grew from a small town into a vast empire known for its skilled army, concrete, roads, aqueducts, and the Latin language.



MFL: French

En classe



un livre



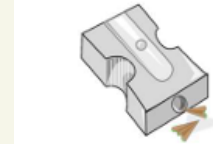
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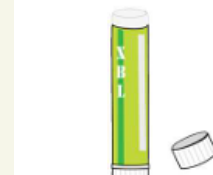
un crayon



un stylo



un taille-crayon



un bâton de colle



une règle



une calculatrice



une trousse



une gomme



un sac à dos



des ciseaux